North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board Cyanobacteria Harmful Algal Bloom Monitoring & Response Program





Copco Reservoir

Russian River

What are Harmful Algal Blooms? (HABs)



CyanoHAB Toxins

Cyanotoxins

- ✓ Dermatoxins affect the skin
- ✓ Hepatotoxins affect the liver
- ✓ Cytotoxins affect the kidneys
- ✓ Neurotoxins affect the nervous system ✓ Acute poisoning of wildlife

Wildlife effects:

- ✓ Toxins found in fish organs and tissue
- ✓ Accumulation in shellfish

Pet and livestock health effects:

- ✓ Diarrhea
 ✓ Convulsions
- √ Vomiting
 ✓ Death



Humans health effects:

- ✓ Skin rash
 ✓ Vomiting
- ✓ Eye irritation ✓ Seizures
- ✓ Diarrhea
 ✓ Paralysis







Photo Credit: Miller et al. 2010, PLOS ONE

Harmful Algal Bloom Water Quality Risk Factors

Risk Factors

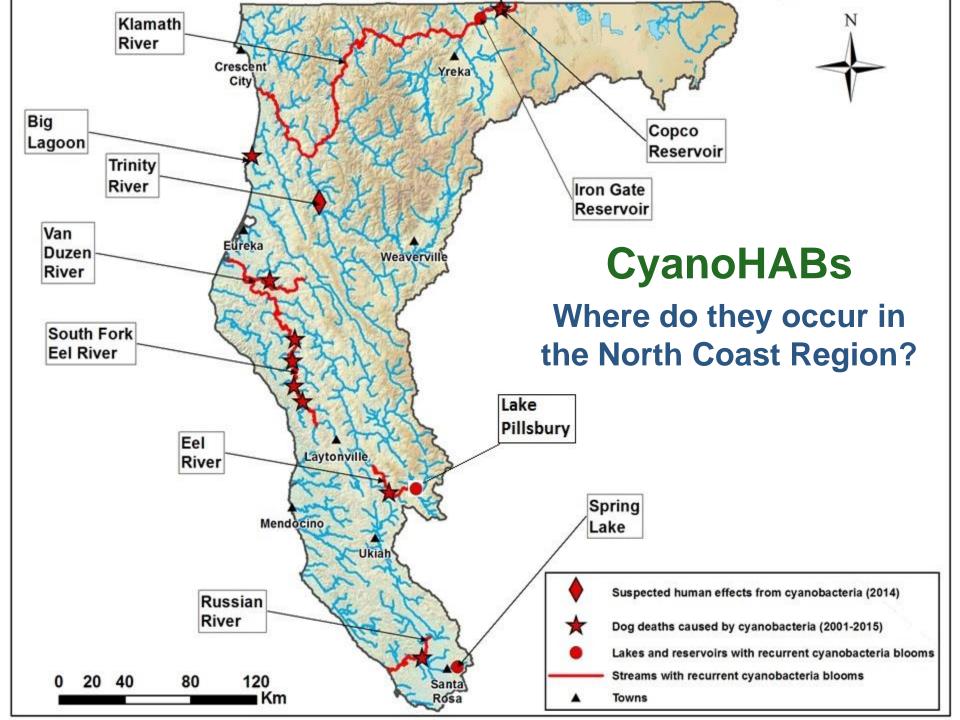
(Modified from Paerl and Otten, 2013)

- Climate Change / changing precipitation patterns
- Warm water temperatures
- Nutrient over-enrichment
- High light/solar radiation
- High dissolved organic matter
- low flow (rivers)
- Long residence time (lakes)
- Persistent stratification (lakes)

Co-Factors

(Biostimulatory Conditions)

- Reduced Riparian Canopy
- Channel Morphology
- Impoundments
- Reduced Flows
- Pollutant Loading
- Watershed Conditions



Cyanobacteria Harmful Algal Bloom Monitoring & Response Program

Focus on Areas with recurring CyanoHABs

- √ Klamath River & Reservoirs
- **✓** Russian River
- ✓ Eel River, South Fork Eel River,& Lake Pillsbury

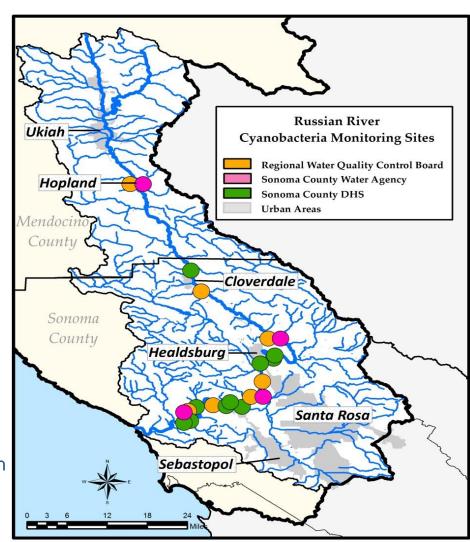
Russian River

Cooperative Monitoring Partnership

North Coast RWB – Division of Drinking Water - Sonoma County DHS – Sonoma County Water Agency

Pilot Program for 2016 & 2017

- 1. Public health monitoring
 - ✓ Weekly Toxin Monitoring at 10 beaches
 - Sonoma County Department of Health Services
- 2. Improve understanding of algae and cyanobacteria dynamics
 - ✓ Weekly Ambient Water Quality Data Summary & Bi-weekly Algae/Cyanobacteria Monitoring
 - Sonoma County Water Agency
 - ✓ Bi-weekly Ambient Toxin Monitoring North Coast Regional Water Board
 - √ Visual Monitoring
 - Russian Riverkeeper / Business Owners on the River / Sonoma County Parks



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2016 Regional Water Board Data Example

Russian River between Healdsburg & Riverfront Park

- Toxins present June October (sampling conducted mid-June early October 2016)
- 3 sample methods = 3 different pictures of toxin conditions
- High concentrations of anatoxin-a in algae; nondetects in water; microcystin detected in SPATTS

Samples collected 9/11 (SPATT 8/29-9/11)	Microcystin (Liver Toxin)	Anatoxin (Neurotoxin)
Water Grab	ND	ND
Algae Grab	0.45 ug/L	>15,750 ug/L
SPATT	3.474 ng toxin / g resin	ND



Solid Phase Adsorption Toxin Tracking (SPATT)

Algae Grab

0.45 ug/L

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Cyanobacteria & Cyanotoxin Field Screening Tools

Cyanoscope



Toxin Test Strips

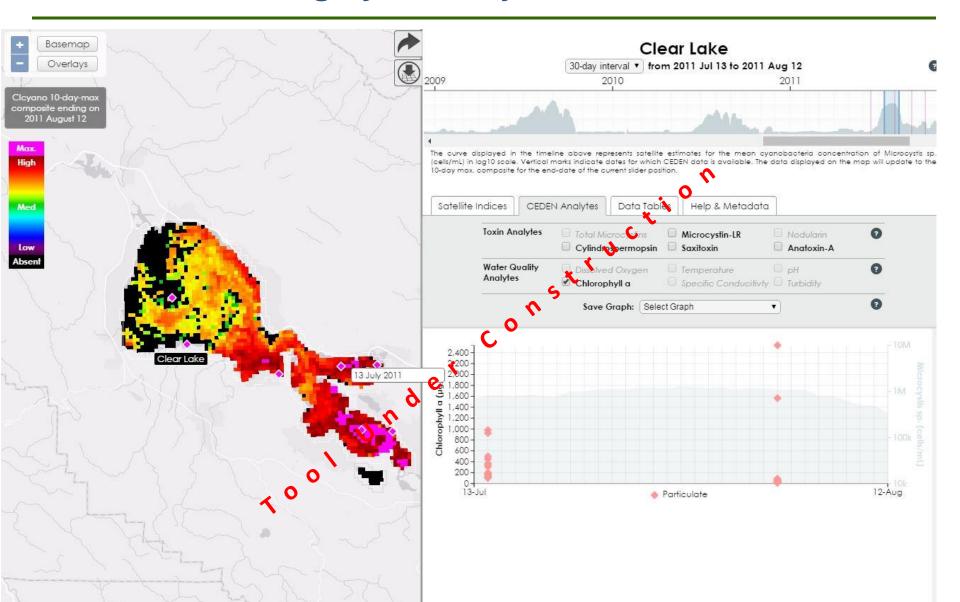


FluoroSense™ Handheld Fluorometer



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Satellite Imagery for Early Bloom Detection



Thank You

Contact Information:

Katharine Carter Katharine.Carter@waterboards.ca.gov 707-576-2290

Lisa Bernard
Lisa.Bernard@waterboards.ca.gov
707-576-2666



